Exhibit 30

UNABRIDGED

a Merriam-Webster

WITH SEVEN LANGUAGE DICTIONARY

VOLUME

A to G



ENCYCLOPÆDIA BRITANNICA, INC.

Chicago Auckland, Geneva, London, Manila, Paris, Rome Seoul, Sydney, Tokyo, Toronto



A GENUINE MERRIAM-WEBSTER

The name Webster alone is no guarantee of excellence. It is used by a number of publishers and may serve mainly to mislead an unwary buyer.

A Merriam-Webster® is the registered trademark you should look for when you consider the purchase of dictionaries or other fine reference books. It carries the reputation of a company that has been publishing since 1831 and is your assurance of quality and authority.

COPYRIGHT © 1986 BY MERRIAM-WEBSTER INC.

PHILIPPINES COPYRIGHT 1986 BY MERRIAM-WEBSTER INC.

WEBSTER'S THIRD NEW INTERNATIONAL DICTIONARY PRINCIPAL COPYRIGHT 1961

International Conduct of

Preface
Editorial Staff.

Outside Consultants

Explanatory Chart
Spelling.

Divisions in Boldface Entry Were
Spelling.

Plurals.

Capitalization

Italicization

Italicization

Afro-Asiatic languages

anchitecture

common area formulas

Beaufort scale

ship's bells

book sizes.

Braille alphabet

constellations

Braille alphabet

constellations

brincipal ocean currents, drifts, stiexecutive U.S. departments

dye tables I and II.

Easter dates.

ance (as one obtained from pan-beans) that inhibits the action of triptik\ adj [lanti- + tussive] : tending or

or prevent cough
or antitwilight arch n [antiish glow in the eastern sky after

so -(,)tī-, 'aan-\ n [LL antitypus ntitypum, fr. LGk antitypon; both ntitypos repelled by a hard body, antitypoun to strike against, fr. p, fr. typos blow, mark of a blow, something that corresponds to b: an opposite type 2: ANTI-

-ēk-\ or an-ti-typ-ic \-;tipik

n, -ca-\ or ansitype C\-;ippik, to an antitype 2: ANTITROPIC 2
)lē, -li, -ēk-\ adv
-titə-\ n -ES [Gk antitypia, fr.
; offered esp. by matter to penechange

+ 'venon, 'vē-\ also an-ti-venene -s [ISV 'anti- + venin, venene] so: an antiserum containing such

unti- + viral]: acting to make a

ik, -atik, -ēk\ n -s [anti- + virus ctive against viruses

[lanti-+ vitamin]: a substance ective either by converting it into acture or by making it unavailable

t — compare ANTIMETABOLITE

,)s,-\ n -s [1anti- + vivisection +
animal experimentation
tamin \| s(,) s, zirof, thalmik-\ n

-ic]: VITAMIN A
-s usu cap Z ['anti- + Zionism]
hment or support of the state of

-\ n, pl antizoe-ae \-'ē,ē, -'ē,ī\ early stomatopod larva s [ME aunteler, fr. MF antoillier,

e the eye, fr. -ar - more t only in the ne horns of solid gen-owth that is ; sometimes see BEAM;

an Austraeillopsis pet-arapace and each eye intler Mine,]: a mineral of a basic a basic

green crys-tes of needlelike crystals se antler-shaped lichen (Evernia

antler: a brow ant-

ler, b bay antler, c royal antler, d sur-

royal antler

h white-marked European moth larva devastates grasslands veral branching erect calcareous white-marked European moth r in form

ermeleon or related genera (order larva that digs a small conical pit y insects (as ants) which fall into

A, var of ANTONY OVER toe-cians \- shonz \ n pl [antoec anti-lanti- + oikos house; antoe-+-s — more at VICINITY] those idian but on opposite parallels of nd south of the equator

o an-to-nin-i-an \anto-nin-\anto-nin

iinē'ānəs\ n, pl antoninia-ni nus, fr. Marcus Aurelius Antoninus nus, ir. Marcus Autentus Antonius is emperor who introduced it + L man coin orig. worth two denarii s'māzh(ē) > n -s [L, fr. Gk, fr. ead (fr. anti- instead, against + na name) + -ia — more at ANTI-, of another designation for a comne: as a: the use of an official f a proper name (as his honor for pellative (as chief executive for of a proper name to designate a lomon for a wise ruler); also: the or verb from a proper name (as: the giving of a proper name (as hat names or suggests a leading

nat names of suggests a feating, Doctor Sawbones)

-, -t^n,im\ n -s ['anti- + -onym]

ig (the usual ~ of good is bad) —

on-y-my \an-'tänəmē, aan-, -mi\

ies\ adi : being an antonym : inance : OPPOSING, CONTRADICTING

antrum of high-more \-'hī,mo(a)r\ usu cap H[after Nathaniel Highmore †1685 Eng. physician who first described it]: MAX-TI ARY SINUS

an-trus-tion \an'treschen\ n -s [ML antrustion-, antrustio, of Gmc origin; akin to OHG ant-, int- against and OHG trost help, comfort — more at ANTE-, TRUST]: a follower usu, in the bodyguard of Frankish princes of the 5th to 7th centuries

An.try.cide \'antrə,sīd\\ trademark — used for a white crystalline compound derived from quinoline and used in the control of trypanosomiasis in cattle

ants pl of ANT
ant-shrike \'ant,shrik\ n [antbird + shrike]: any of numerous tropical American antbirds (family Formicariidae) re-

ous tropical American antibirds (family Formicariidae) resembling shrikes ant's-wood n, pl ant's-woods: saffron plum; broadly: BUCKTHORN 2 antsy \an(t)se, 'aan-, 'ain-\ adj, usu-er/-est [ants (pl. of 'ant) + -y] slang: Eager, IMPATIENT, RESTLESS; sometimes: CONCUPISCENT

ant thrush n 1: ANTBIRD 2: PITTA 2
ant tree n: any of several So. American trees of the genus
Triplaris having hollow stems inhabited by venomous ants
which repel intruders
ANTU \an,til abbr or n -s sometimes not cap[alpha-naphthylthiourea]: a chemical C₁₀H₁NHCSNH₂ produced as a gray

powder for use as a rat poison; alpha-naphthylthiourea an-tung \'an-tung, -dun\'adi, usu cap [fr. Antung, Manchuria] of or from the city of Antung, Manchuria; of the kind or style prevalent in Antung

style prevalent in Antung ant-werp \'ant-, warp, 'aan-, 'ain-, -,wop, -,wo(r)p\ adj, usu cap [fr. Antwerp, Belgium]: of or from the city of Antwerp, Belgium]: of the kind or style prevalent in Antwerp antwerp pro antwerp pigeon n -s usu cap A [fr. Antwerp, Belgium]: one of a Belgian variety of homing pigeons antwerp blue n, usu cap A 1: any of various iron-blue pigments (as one containing alumina or a zinc compound) 2: a moderate blue that is greener and duller than average copen and greener and deper than average the pressen

2: a moderate blue that is greener and dulier than average copen and greener and deeper than azurite blue, Dresden blue, or pompadour — called also Harlem blue, mineral blue antwerp brown n, often cap A: CONGO 4 antwerp red n, often cap A: CONGO 4 antwerp \'\cdots', \n [\antheta \text{in f \antheta \text{in f \text{in f \antheta \text{in f \antheta \text{in f \antheta \text{in f \

anty over sometimes cap A, var of ANTONY OVER
anu \anu, nyi, \angle alog \angle anu \angle nyi \angle nyi \angle n -s [AmerSp \textit{a\tilde{n}} in \text{if } n \text{if } n \text{if } n \text{order} \text{order}

tuberosum) cultivated for its edible tubers 2: the tuber produced by the anu anu-bing \'anu', oi, , , , | also anu-bin \-, bēn\ or ano-bing \-nō, bin\ n -s [Tag anubing] 1: any of several trees of the genus Artocarpus 2: the wood of the anubing anu-bis baboon \-'n(y) bbos-\ n [after Anubis, a jackal god in ancient Egyptian religion the pictorial representation of which the animal was thought to resemble, fr. L. fr. Gk Anoubis, fr. Egypt Anpu, Anp]: a rather rare Sudanese baboon

Anoubit, if. Egypt Anpu, Anpl: a rather rare Sudanese baboon (Papio doguera)
anucleate also anucleated \(')\bar{a}+\ adj \[[2a-+ nucleate, nucleated] \] : lacking a nucleus
a number \(\frac{1}{2}\): "won\(\) adj, cap A: A1 (sense 2)
an-under \(\frac{1}{2}\): "won\(\) adj, cap A: A1 (sense 2)
an-under \(\frac{1}{2}\): "non(d)\(\frac{1}{2}\): \(\frac{1}{2}\): Prep [ME, fr. an, on on + under]
chiefly dial: UNDER
an-u-ra\(\frac{1}{2}\): "n(y)\(\frac{1}{2}\): Are \(\frac{1}{2}\): \

an-u-e-sis \anyo'rēsós, -no'-\ n, pl anure-ses \-ē.sēz\ [NL, fr. an- + uresis]: retention of urine in the urinary bladder : failure or inability to void urine — compare ANURIA — an-u-

ric \-urik\ adj
an-u-rous \-'nurs, a'-\ or an-our-ous \-'nurs\ adj [an-

an-u-rous \o'n(y)\u00fcres, a'-\ or an-our-ous \-'n\u00fcres\ ad\ [an-+-urous, -ourous] zool: having no tail \(\sim \text{toads}\) \(\sim \text{frogs}\) an-u-ry \'anya-\u00e5, -ri\ n \u00e4-\u00e5 [an-+-Gk oura tail + \u00e4 -y] zool: absence of a tail \(\text{the inheritance of } \sim \u00e4 \u00e4 \u00e7 \u00e4 \u00e7 \u00e4 \u

scripts and editions certain other positions see ALPHABET table lan-vil \anval, 'aan- sometimes -(,)vil\ n -s [alter. of ME anfilt, anfelt, fr. OE anfealt, anfilt (akin to OHG anafalz, G dial. ānefilt, MD anvilt), fr. an on + -fealt, -filt (akin to Sw dial. filta to beat) — more at ON, FELT] I a : a heavy usu. steel-faced iron block on which metal is shaped (as

by hand hammering or forging)

b: a machine part that serves a similar purpose — compare snarLING IRON 2: something that resembles an anvil in shape or use (bold imagination, able thought, and discussion... are the ~ of public policy — A.E. Stevenson b. 1900): as a lincus b: the metal structure of a cartridge against which the percussion composition is exploded by the blow of the firing pin upon the head of the primer c: the lower contact of a telegraphic key d: the fixed jaw in a measuring instrument (as a micrometer caliper) e: a musical percussion instrument consisting of a steel bar that when struck with a hammer sounds like an anvil — on the anvil adv (or adj): under discussion or in preparation
2anvil \"\ vt anvilled; anvilled; anvilling; anvils obs: to

anvil la

shape on an anvil : hammer out anvil bat n : EPAULET BAT

is a psychoneurotic disorder characterized by diffuse anxiety often accompanied by somatic manifestations of fear anxious 'angkyshas, 'ain-\ adj [L anxius, fr. angere to strangle, distress — more at ANGER] 1: characterized by extreme uneasiness of mind about some contingency; experiencing a sense of brooding fear: APPREHENSIVE, WORRIED (wounded by the disapproval of . . . her friends and ~ for the future —R.M.Lovett) (a timid young woman, not used to cities, ~ about small things —Leslie Rees) 2: characterized by, resulting from, or causing anxiety: workyino (two ~ days followed while the ship was being loaded —T.B. Costain) (bid my ~ fears subside —William Williams) 3: characterized by strong earnest desire: ardently wishing (a kindhearted landlord ever ~ to ameliorate the condition of the poor —Anthony Trollope) syn see Afrand, Eager anxious bench or anxious seat n 1: a seat near the pulpit reserved at some revival meetings for persons esp. concerned about their spiritual condition — called also mourners' bench 2: a state of worry or anxiety caused by uncertainty (every-body was kept on the anxious seat by this system of perpetual probation —Alva Johnston)

anxious-ly adv: in an anxious manner anxious-ness n-Es: the state of being anxious lany \:\text{!enē}, -ni sometimes .pn- or, after t or d, ^n-\ adf [ME any, eny, fr. OE anig (akin to OFris ēnig, OHG einag, ON einigr anyone, no one), fr. ān one + -ig -y — more at one] 1: one indifferently out of more than two: one or some indiscriminately of whatever kind: a: one or another: this, that, or the other — used as a function word esp. in interrogative and conditional expressions to indicate one that is not a particular or definite individual of the given category but whichever one chance may select (did you experience ~ trouble) \(if ~ defect appears \) \((ask ~ man you meet \) b: one, no matter what one: Every — used as a function word esp. in assertions and denials to indicate one that is selected with indiference to quality \((~ plan is better than no pla can produce ~ quantity of water power) (could have seen him ~ time last week) b: appreciably or at all large, prolonged, or extended in amount, quantity, time, or extent — used with a preceding negative (could not endure it ~ length of time) (could not walk ~ distance without falling) 2any \"\pro, plany [ME any, eny fr. OE ænig, fr. ænig, adi.] 2any \"\pron, pl any [ME any, eny fr. OE ænig, fr. ænig, adj.]

1: one or more indiscriminately from all those of a kind:
a: any person or persons: ANYBODY (asked if there were ~
present who had remembered) (~ of them could answer the
question) b: any thing or things: any part, quantity, or
number (promised not to lose ~ of the books) (a scene as
effective as ~ in modern drama) (no money and no prospect
of ~\ 2 now dial Eng: one of two: EITHER
3any \"\adv [ME any, eny, fr. any, eny, adj.]: to any extent
: in any degree: at all (he won't be ~ happier there) (he
could not walk ~ farther) (you certainly aren't helping
me ~)

an-yath-i-an \(')an',yathēən\\ adj, usu cap [Burmese ān-yasthā native of upper Burma + E -ian]: of or belonging to a lower Paleolithic culture of Burma and Thailand characterized

lower Paleolithic culture of Burma and Thailand characterized by distinctive chopping tools

'any-body \ene_bade, -(),bade, -ni...di\ pron ['any + body]

a person out of an indefinite number: any person: Anyone (is ~ home) (had forgotten to ask ~ to come)

anybody \"n: a person of some importance (everybody who was ~ at all was at the dance)

anyhow \"s=,s\ adv 1 a: in any manner whatever: Anywise (wheat may be sown almost ~ —Adrian Bell) b: without order or arrangement: HAPHAZARDLY (untidy scrambles of bed linen . . . flung ~ over balustrades —Richard Llewellyn)

2: in any case: at any rate: in any event (and ~ it was very much better for the generals to go on with the military operations —Sir Winston Churchill)

anymore \"s='s\ adv ['any + more]: at the present time

NOWADAYS, CURRENTLY, NOW—used only in a negative context (I am not lucky ~ —Ernest Hemingway) or a statement with negative implication (he rarely comes here ~) except in_dial. (used to be I had to . . . carry my own whiskey out

cept in dial. (used to be I had to ... carry my own whiskey out of the Hollow, but ~ I'm such a good customer they tote it up here ... for me — Charley Robertson) (every time I even smile at a man ~ the papers have me practically married to him

at a man ~ the papers have me practically married to him—Betty Grable)
anyone \'==(,)wan\ pron [ME any on, eny on, fr. any, eny + on one]: any person indiscriminately: ANYBODY (~ on the lookout for good prose —J.W.Beach) (did ~ care for her opinion —Hugh Walpole)
anyplace \'==(,) adv ['any + place]: in any place: ANYWHERE (wouldn't let you work ~ else —Edmund Wilson)
any-quantity rate n: a freight rate with the charge per unit the same regardless of the quantity offered for shipment — abbr. AQ

anys.ti.dae \o'nisto.de\ n pl. cap [NL, fr. Anystis, type genus + -idae]: a family of predatory mites having no median groove in the cephalothorax and the last joint of the first pair

of legs not swollen though usu, long lany-thing \ength{'ene}, thin, -ni, -, often -, thin or -, then when another word follows without pause \ pron [ME anything, enything fr. OE \(\tilde{e}nig \) thing, fr. \(\tilde{e}nig \) any + thing \ \end{anything} \ any \ \end{anything}